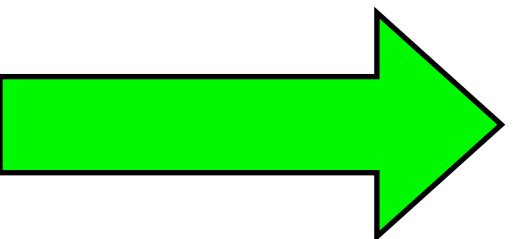


Angles and Triangles

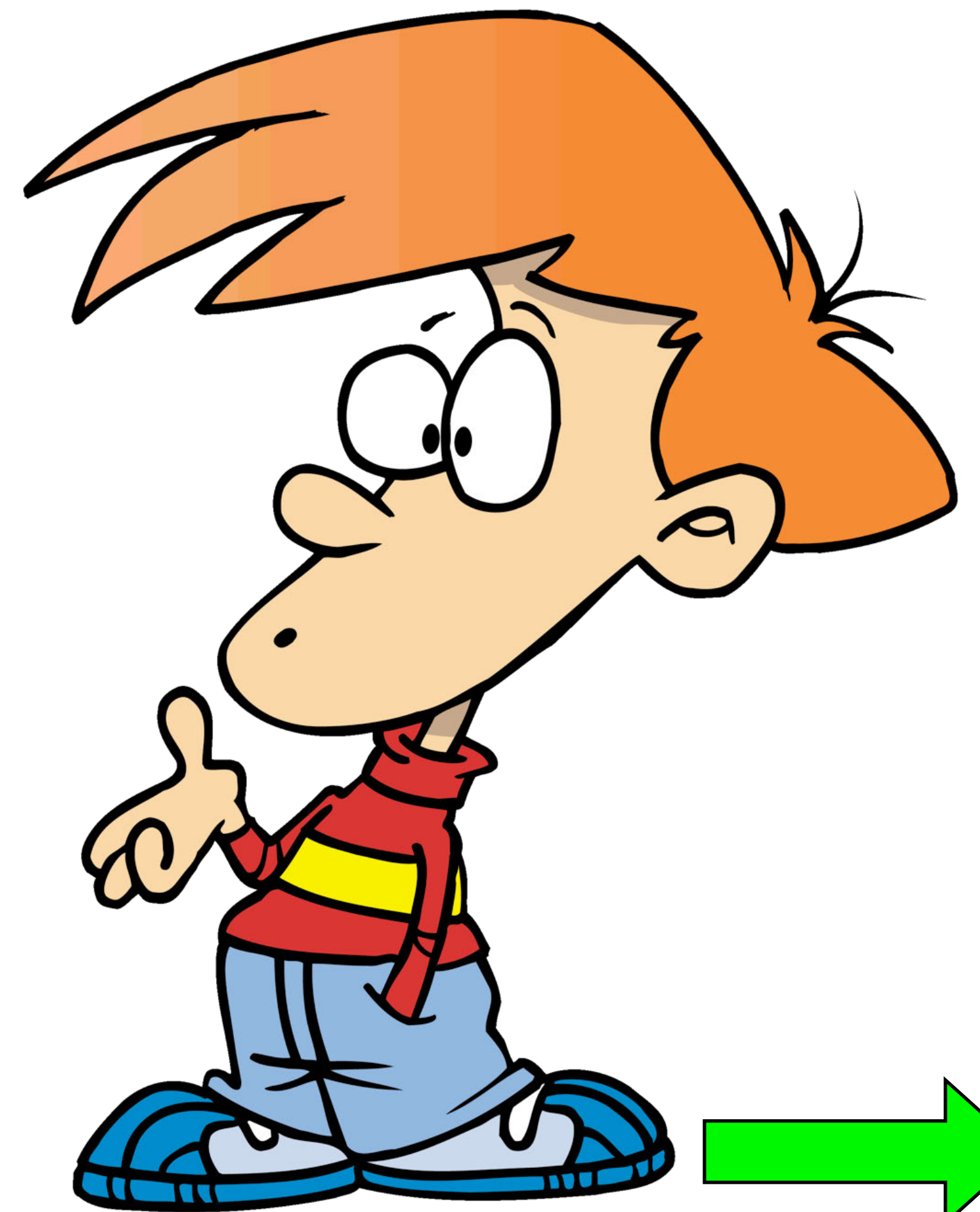
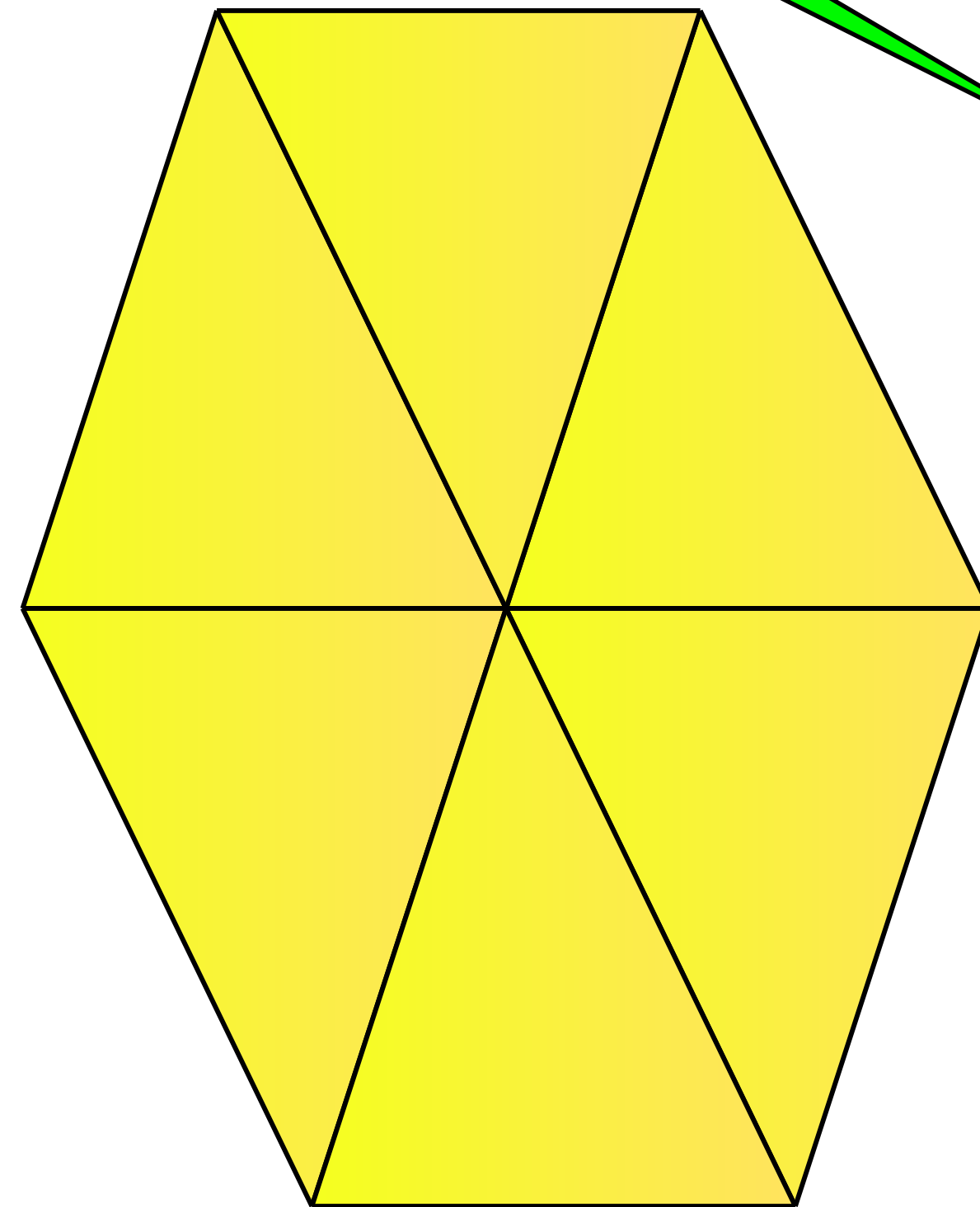
Learning Objective:

To identify angles around a point which total 360° .

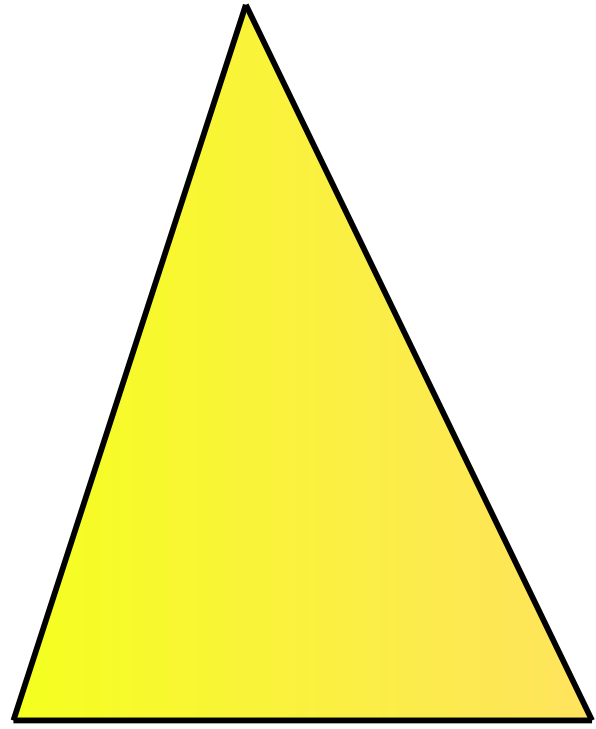


Did you know that you can make interesting patterns using triangles because of their special properties?

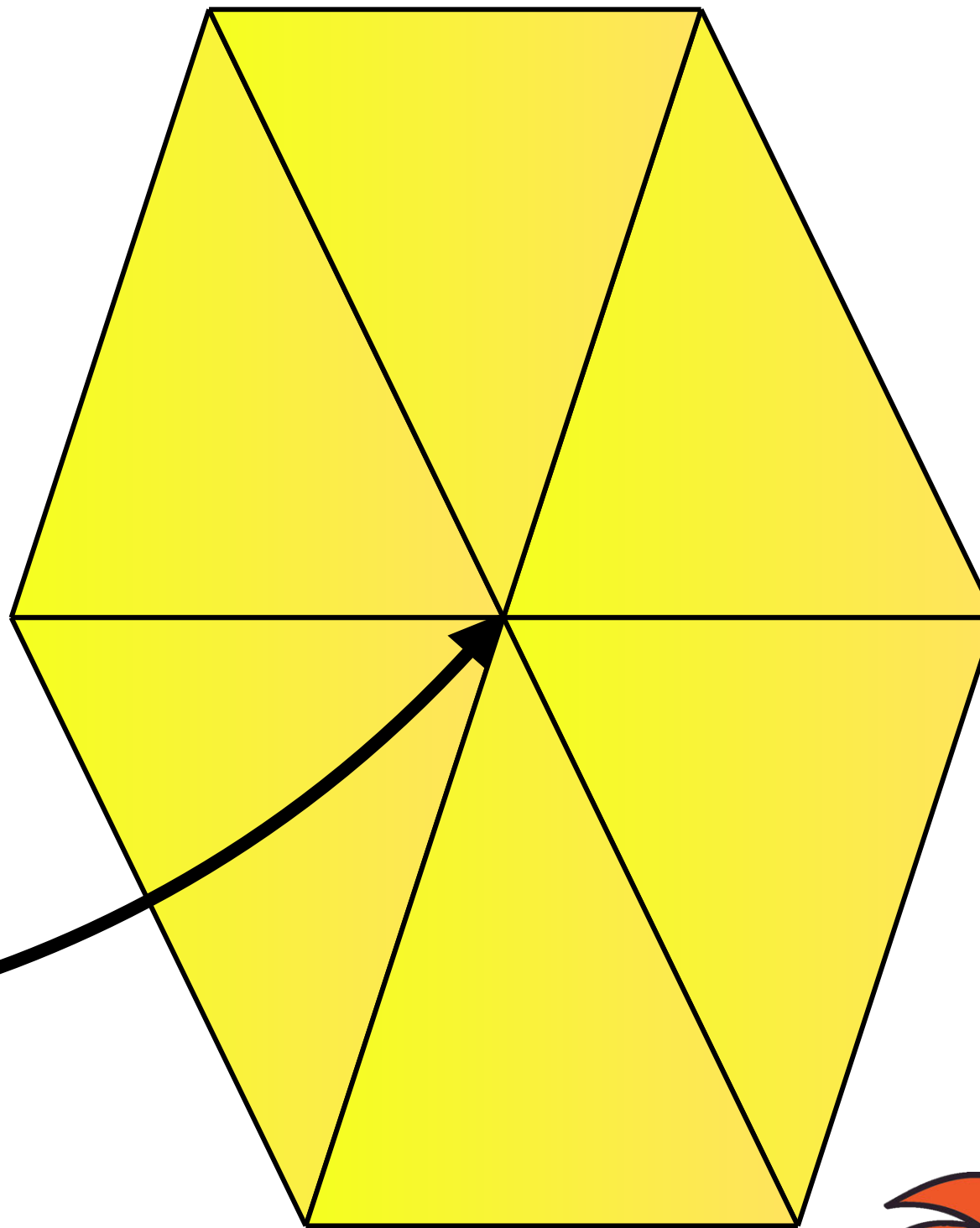
Because the angles inside a triangle total 180° , six of the same triangle will fit exactly around a point.



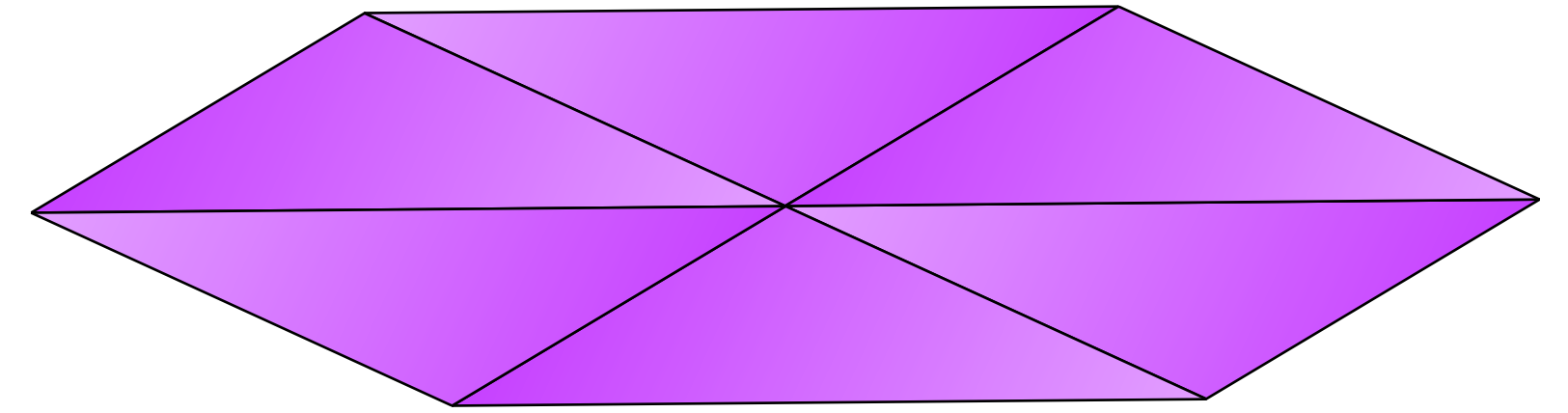
This pattern was made using
one triangle:



Exact copies of the triangle
can fit without gaps around
one point in the middle of
the pattern:

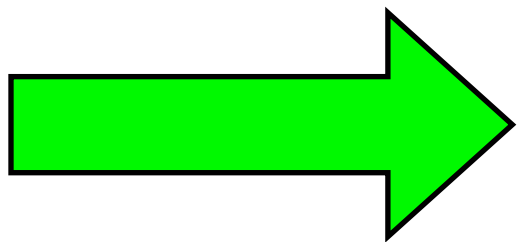
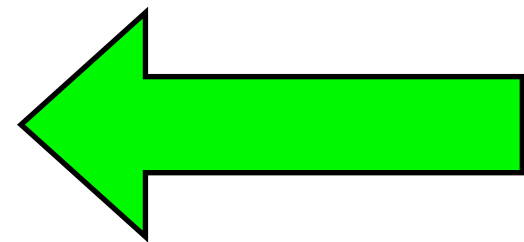


You can always fit six of the
same triangle around a point:



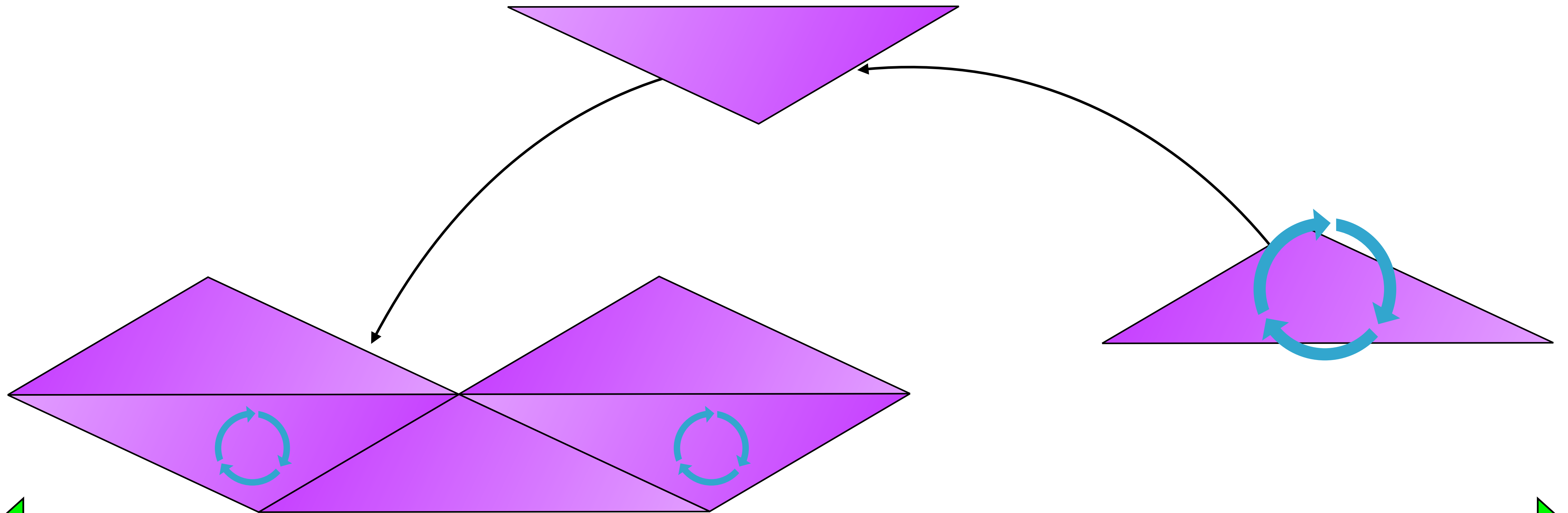
What do you have
to do to the
triangles to make
them fit like this?

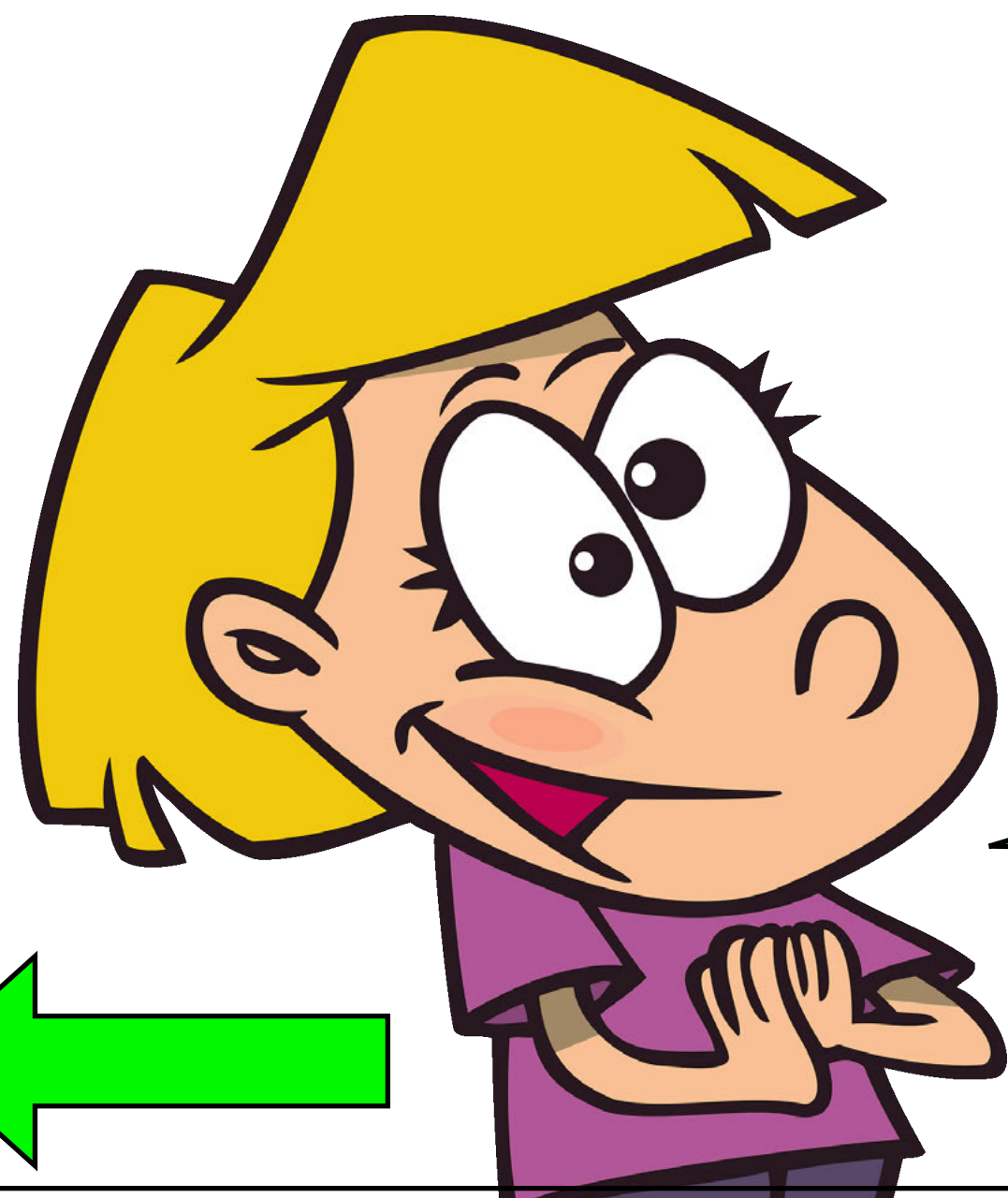
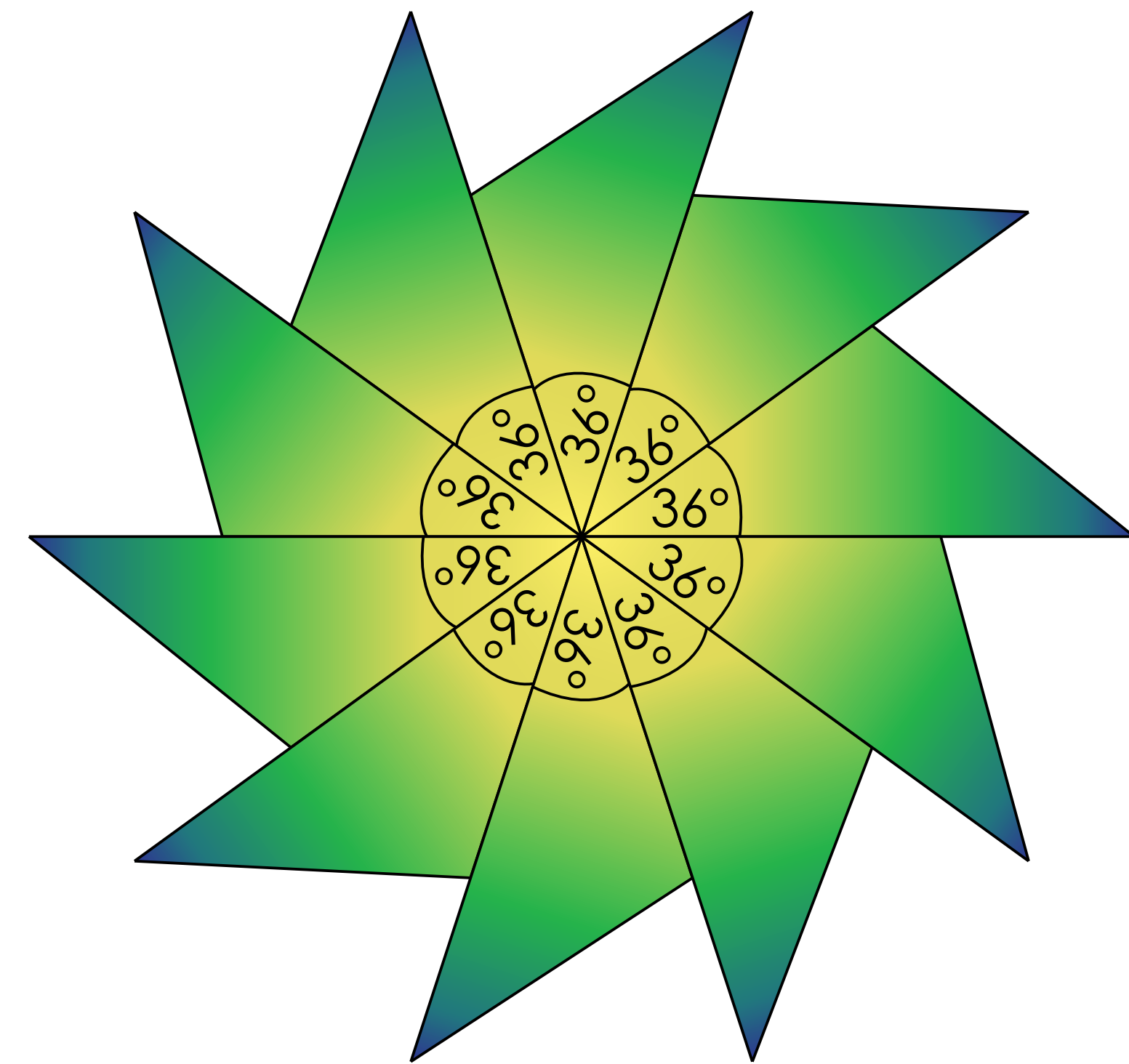
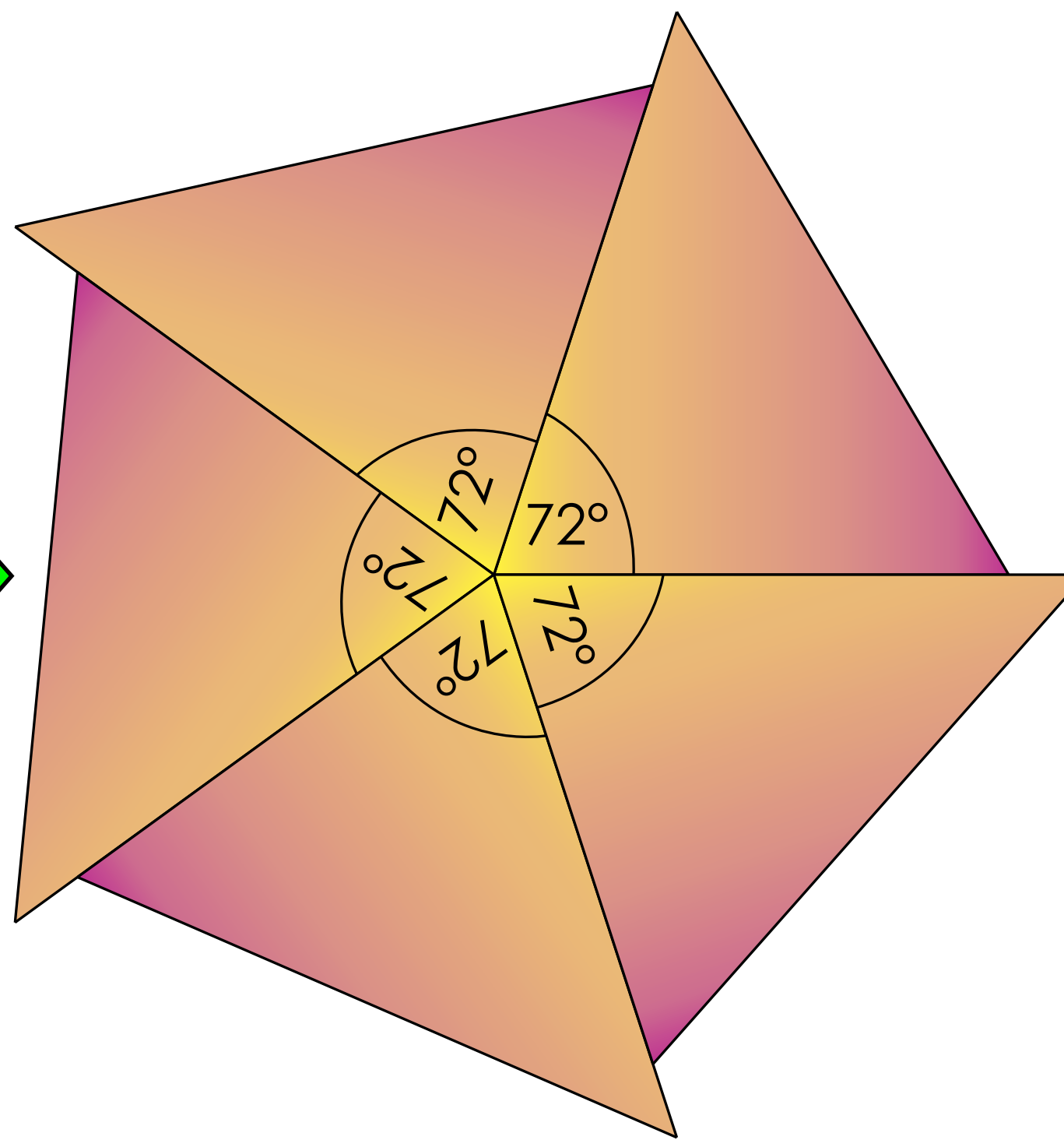
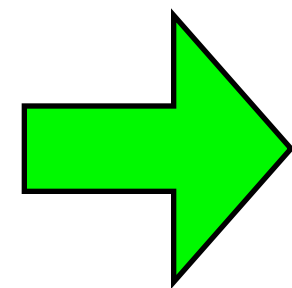
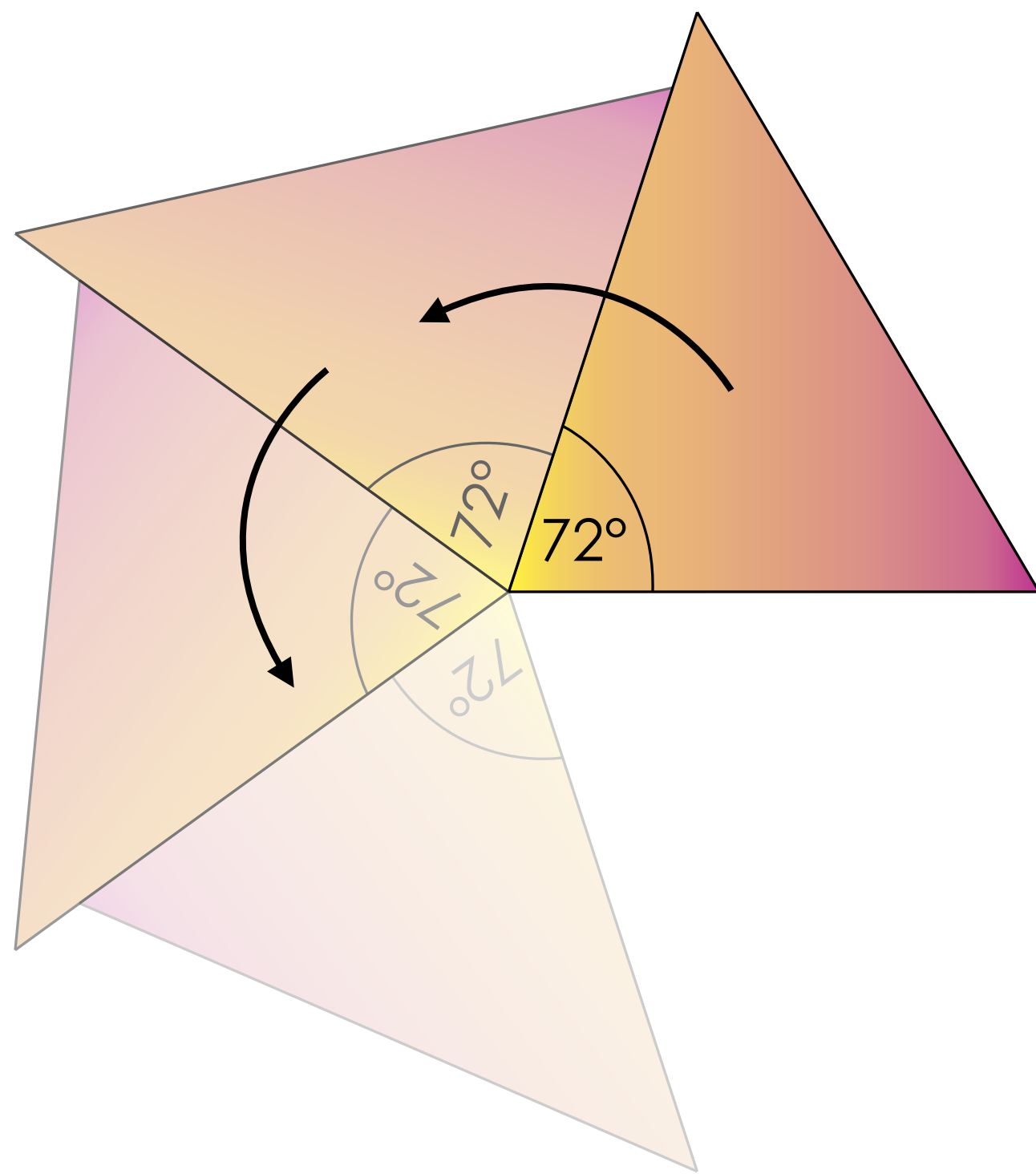
Discuss your
ideas...



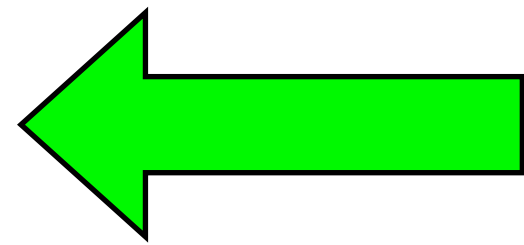
Did you think of this?

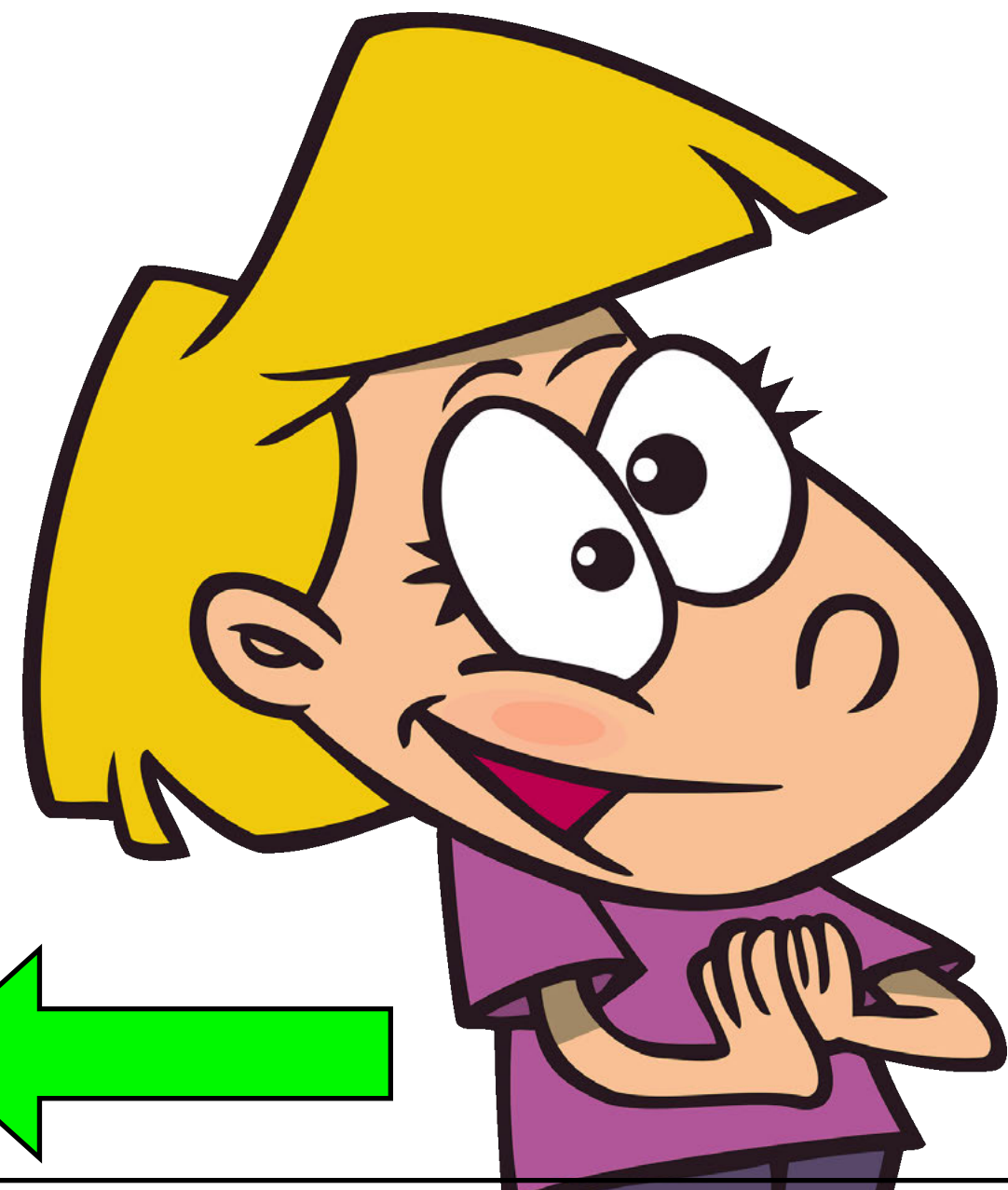
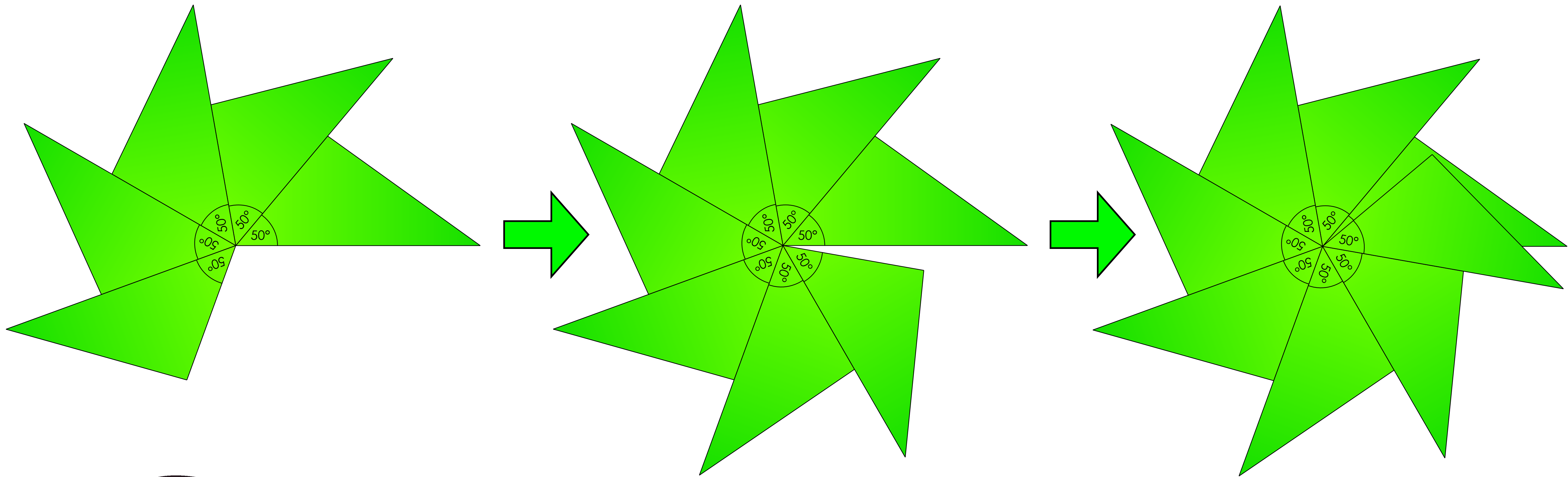
Every other triangle is rotated half a turn, or 180° . You can do this with any triangle and it will make a pattern without gaps around a point.





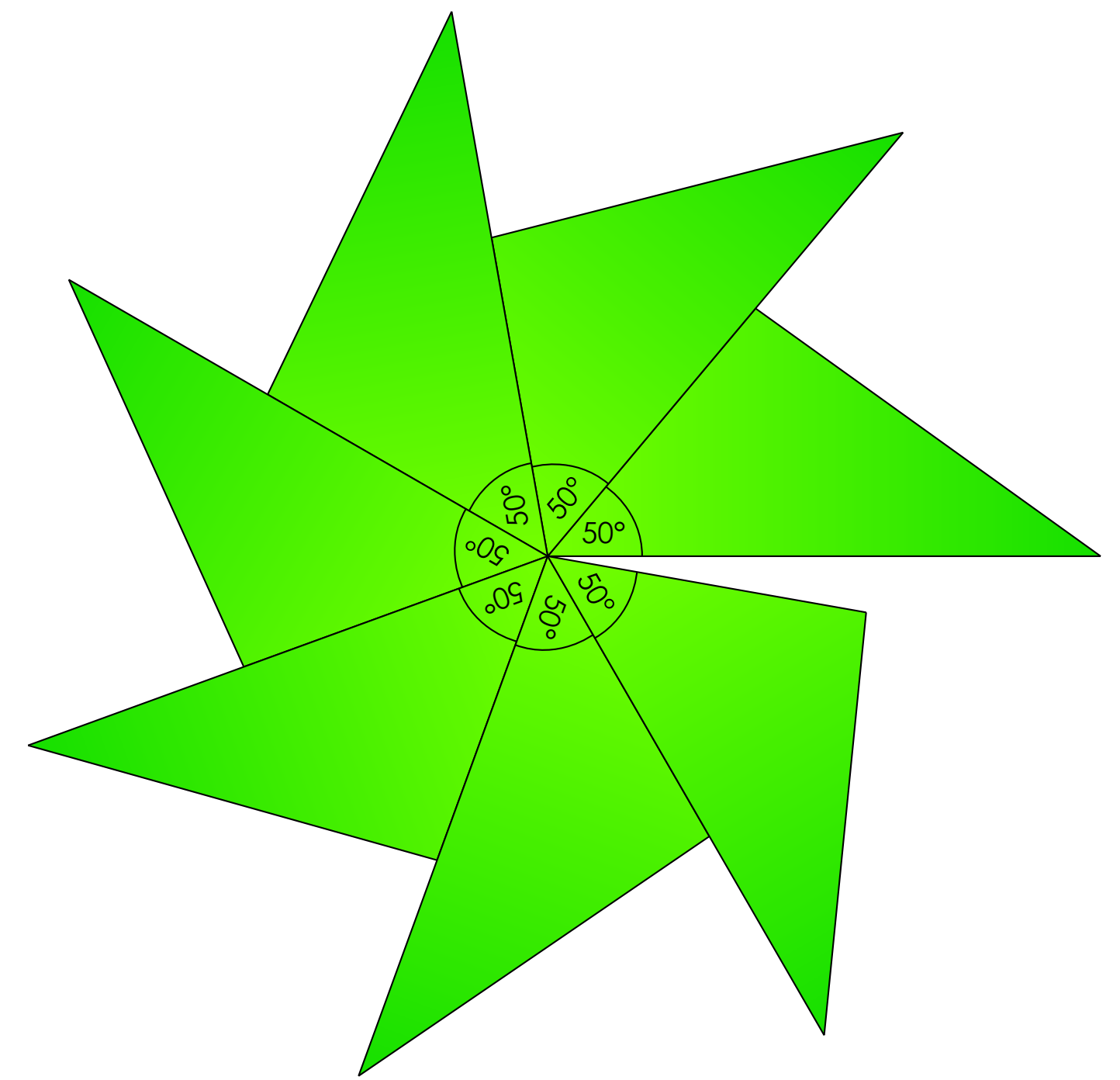
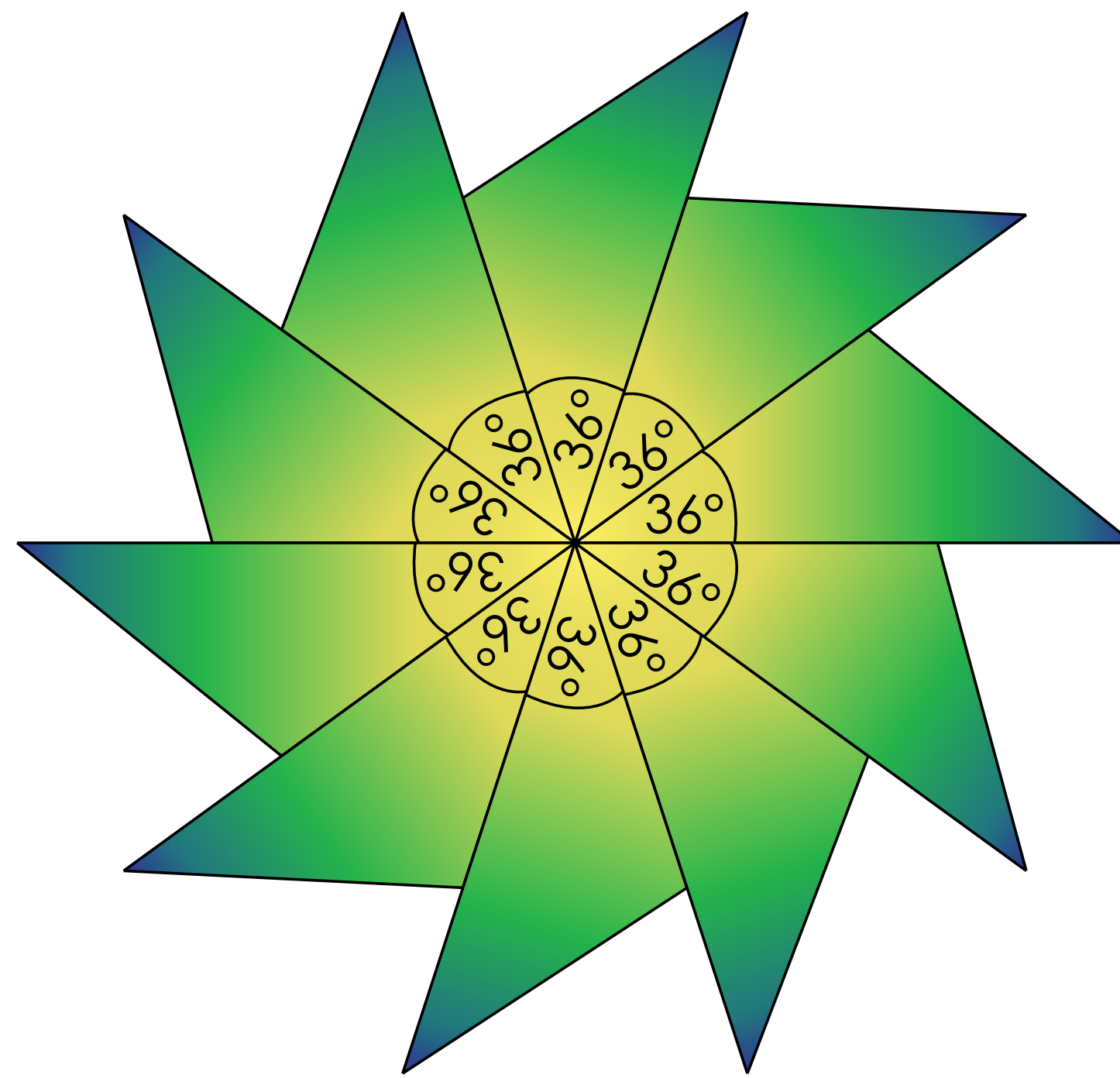
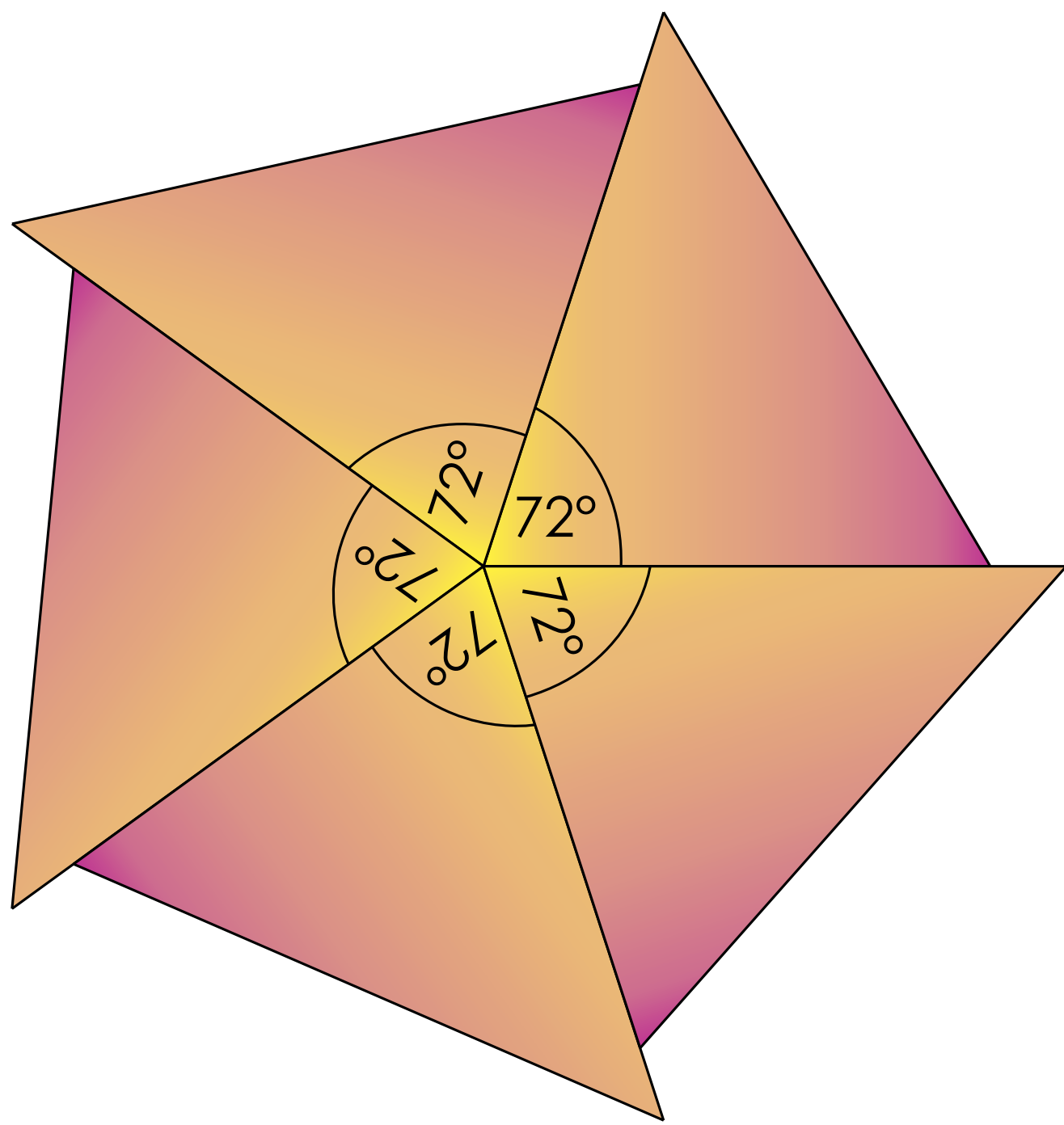
I'm making patterns by rotating a triangle around one point and tracing round it. I've managed to make a flower pattern with these two triangles, but...





...this one's not working! When I rotate it around its 50° angle, it doesn't rotate exactly. I end up with a gap or with an overlapping pattern! Why is this happening?

Discuss your ideas...

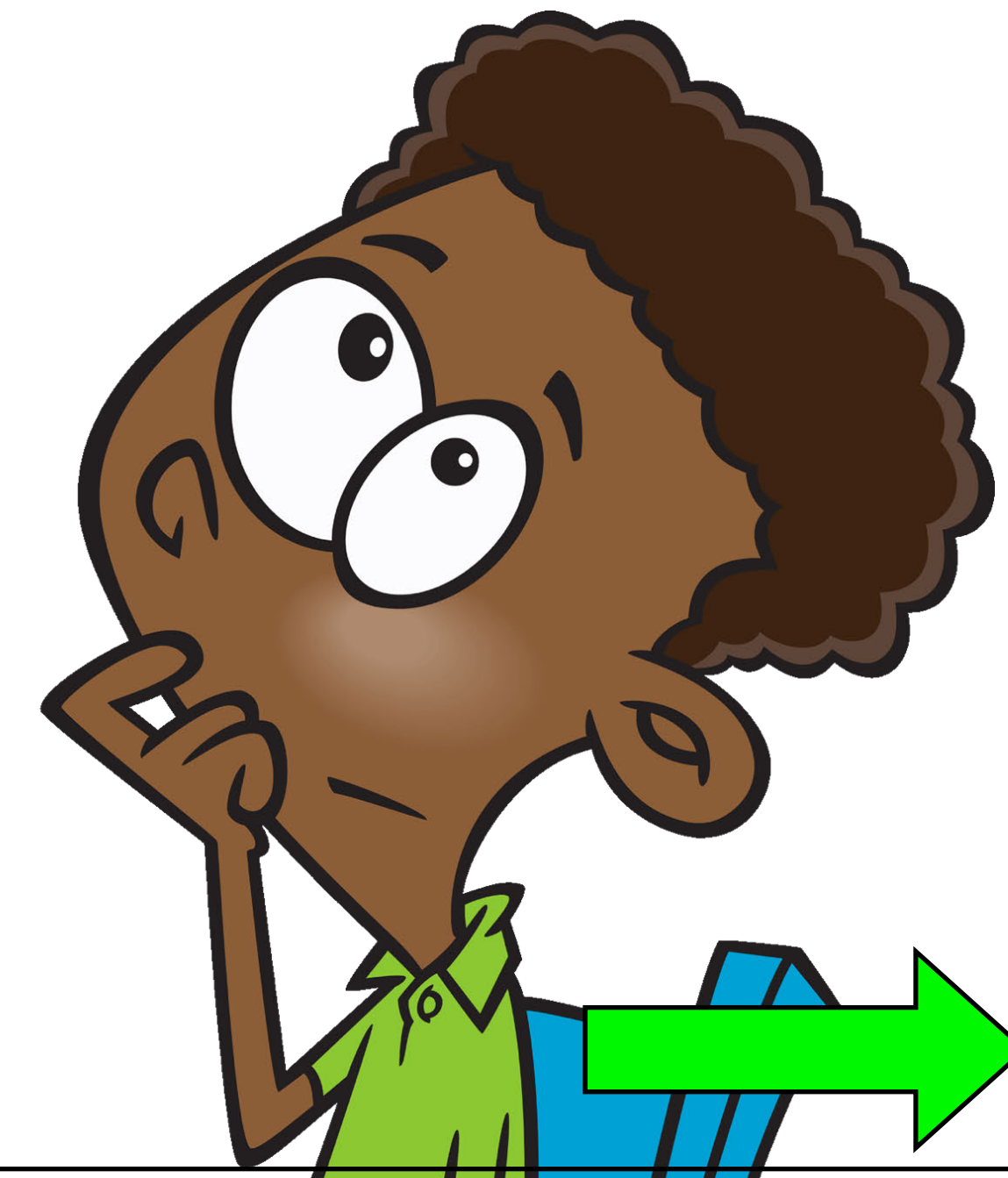


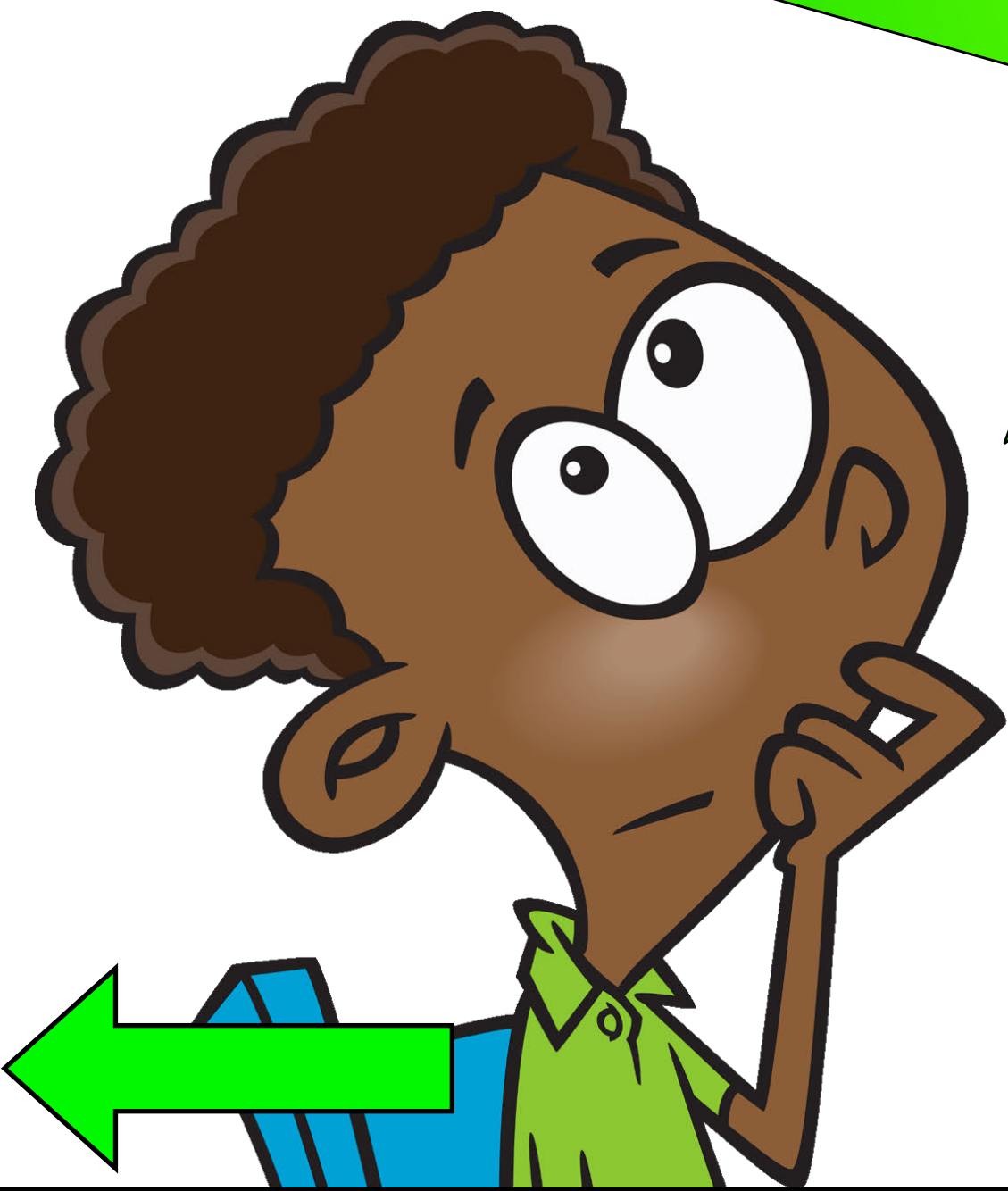
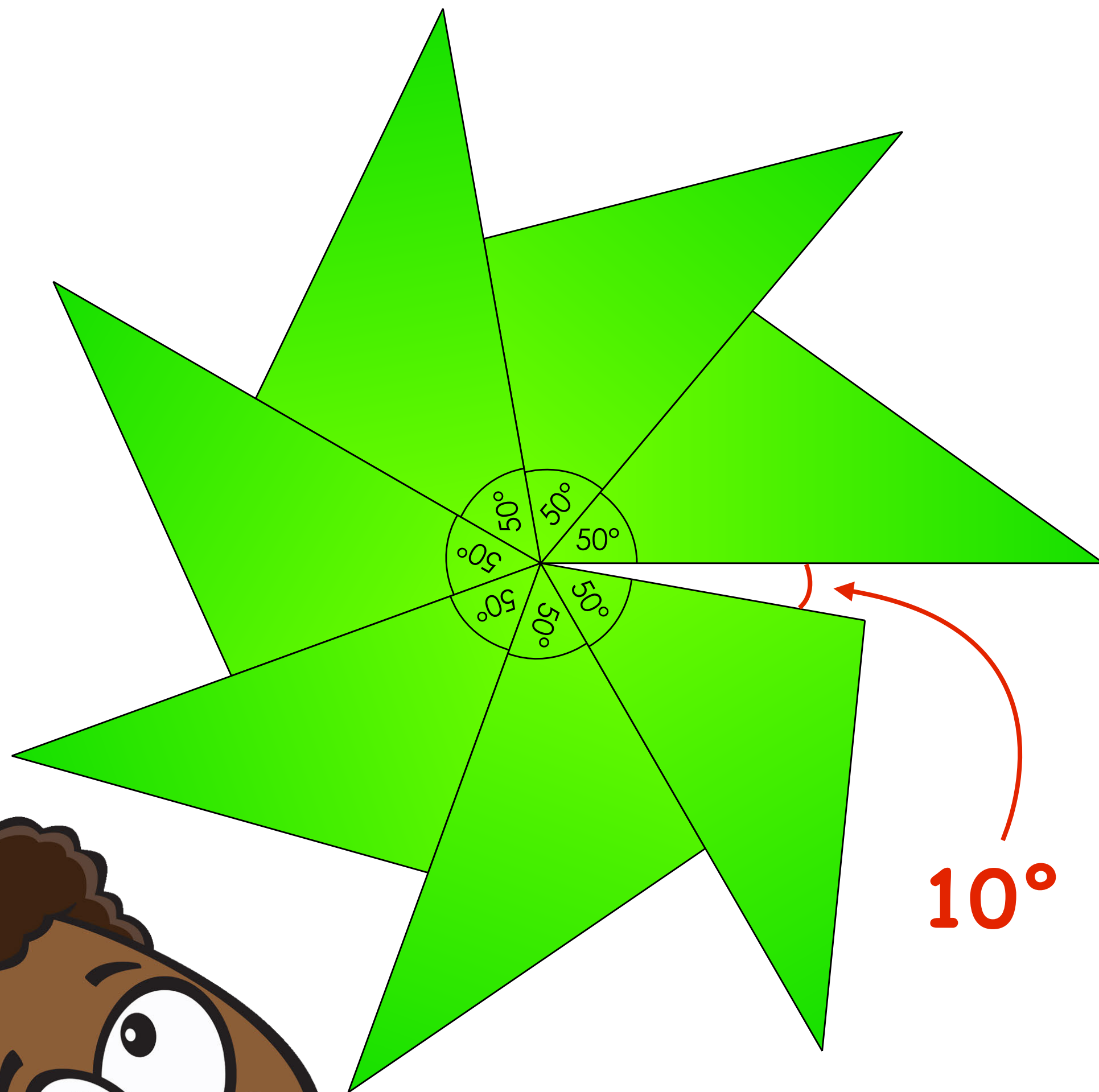
I think it's got something to do with 72 and 36 going exactly into 360:

$$5 \times 72 = 360$$

$$360 \div 36 = 10$$

I know that there are 360° in a full turn. I also know that 72 and 36 are factors of 360.





50 isn't a factor of 360:

$$360 \div 50 = 7r10$$

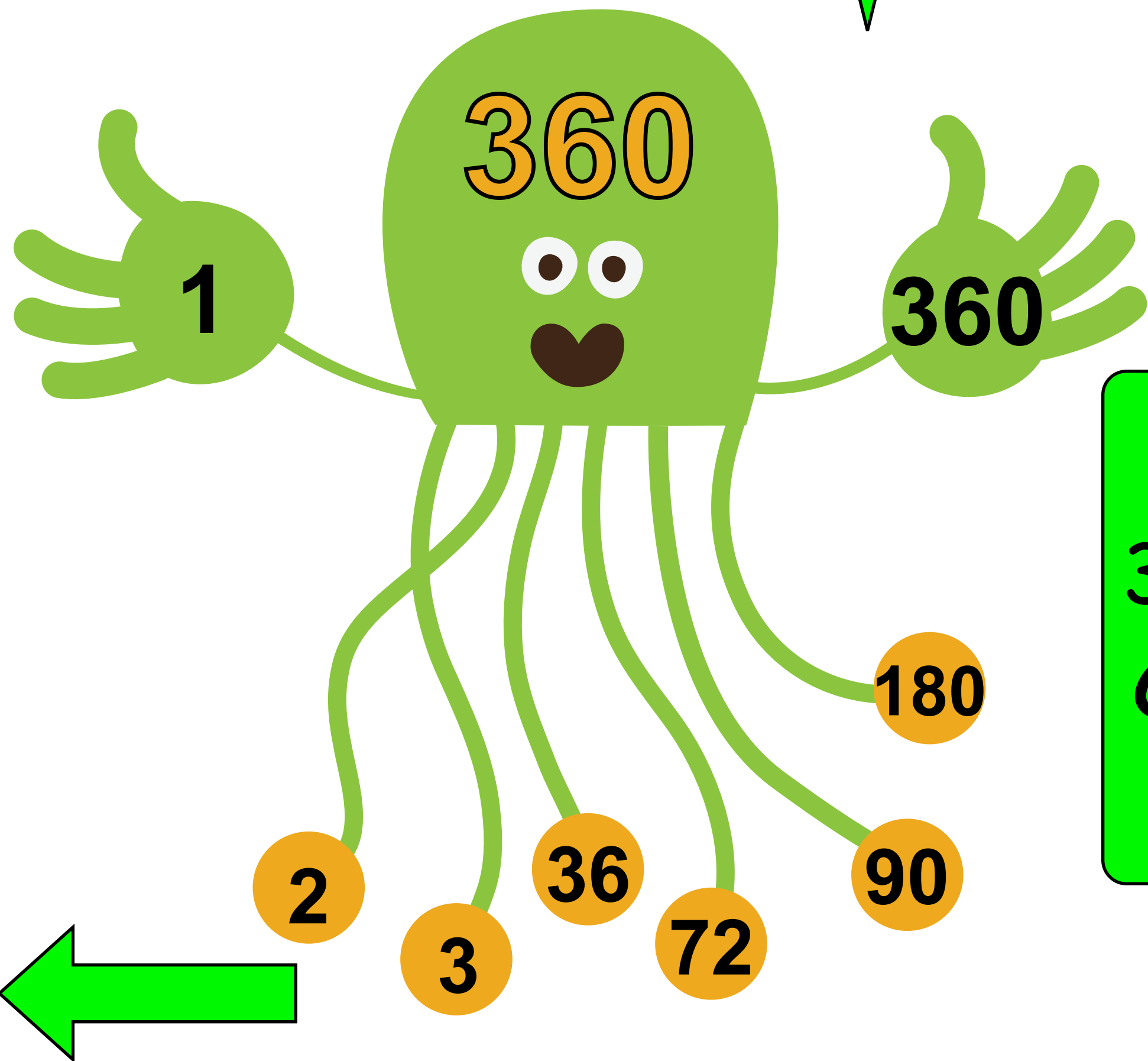
I think that's why this triangle won't rotate exactly!

I wonder if other triangles with angles which are factors of 360 will rotate exactly?

CAN YOU FIND OUT FOR ME?

I'm the Factorpus! Did you know that factors are smaller numbers that, when multiplied, go exactly into a larger whole number?

I've found these factors of 360. I know they're factors because I can divide 360 by them and there's no remainders:



$$360 \div 2 = 180$$

$$360 \div 72 = 5$$

$$360 \div 3 = 120$$

$$360 \div 90 = 4$$

$$360 \div 36 = 10$$

$$360 \div 180 = 2$$

The Factorpus has only found six factors of 360 so far, but there are actually twenty-two! Can you find the rest? You could draw your own Factorpus to help you!